<u>Home</u> > <u>Census</u> > <u>2006 Census</u>: <u>Data products</u> > <u>Topic-based tabulations</u>

Population Groups (28) and Sex (3) for the Population of Canada, Provinces, Territories, Census Metropolitan Areas and Census Agglomerations, 2006 Census - 20% Sample Data

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Yukon Territory / Territoire du Yukon 🗘

Population groups (28)		Sex (3)		
	Total - Sex	Male	Female	
Total - Population groups ¹	30,195	15,210	14,98	
Single responses ²	22,580	11,525	11,05	
White	21,560	11,045	10,52	
Chinese	270	135	14	
South Asian ³	165	100	6	
Black	80	35	4	
Filipino	185	75	11:	
Latin American	100	45	5	
Southeast Asian ⁴	140	55	8	
Arab	20	15		
West Asian ⁵	10	0		
Korean	10	0		
Japanese	30	15	1	
Visible minority, n.i.e. [≜]	10	0	1	
Multiple responses ²	225	115	10	
White and Chinese	50	20	3	
White and South Asian	30	30		
White and Black	45	15	3	
White and Filipino	20	10	1	
White and Latin American	10	10		
White and Southeast Asian	10	0	1	
White and Arab	0	0	1	
White and West Asian	0	0		
White and Korean	0	0		
White and Japanese	10	10		
White and multiple visible minority ⁸	0	0		
Multiple visible minority ²	40	25	1	
Aboriginal self-reporting 10	7,390	3,565	3,82	

i. Census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations crossing provincial boundaries

There is one census metropolitan area (Ottawa - Gatineau) and three census agglomerations (Campbellton, Hawkesbury and Lloydminster) that cross provincial boundaries. The data for their respective provincial parts are included with the appropriate census metropolitan area or census agglomeration, with data for the census metropolitan area or census agglomeration within the province of the provincial part that contributes the majority of the population to the area. For example, Ottawa - Gatineau can be found in Ontario, Campbellton in New Brunswick, Hawkesbury in Ontario and Lloydminster in Alberta.

Total - Population groups
Refers to the population group or groups to which the respondent belongs. The population group question on the census is used to derive counts for the visible minority population, as defined by the Employment Equity Act. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in

Single responses

Includes respondents who provided one population group only.

For example, 'East Indian', 'Pakistani', 'Sri Lankan', etc.

Southeast Asian

For example, 'Vietnamese', 'Cambodian', 'Malaysian', 'Laotian', etc.

West Asian

For example, 'Iranian', 'Afghan', etc.

Visible minority, n.i.e.

The abbreviation 'n.i.e.' means 'not included elsewhere'. Includes respondents who reported a write-in response such as 'Guyanese', 'West Indian', 'Kurd', 'Tibetan', 'Polynesian', 'Pacific Islander', etc.

Multiple responses
Includes respondents who provided two or more population groups.

White and multiple visible minority
Includes respondents who reported more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in circles, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian'.

Multiple visible minority
Includes respondents who reported more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in circles, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian'.

10.

8.

Includes respondents who reported 'Yes' to the Aboriginal identity question (Question 18). These respondents were not required to answer the Population group question (Question 19).

⚠ Data quality note(s)

• Data quality index showing, for the long census questionnaire (20% sample data), a global non response rate higher than or equal to 5% but lower than 10%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Census of Population, Statistics Canada catalogue no. 97-562-XCB2006007.

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